Appendix 1: Vocabulary terms by grade level

This list has been compiled from the 2020 social studies unpacking revision to help K-12 social studies educators see the progression of vocabulary terms as students move through the grade levels.

Grade Level	Vocabulary terms
Grade Level Kindergarten	Civics/Government: United States flag Stars Stripes Symbol Behavior Rules Importance Consequences Expectations Economics: Wants Needs Survival Difference Geography: Map Globe Represent Place Object Map key Positional words - up, down, above, below, under, left, right, between, next to, beside, behind, in front of Environment
	right, between, next to, beside, behind, in front of Environmental directions - North, South, East, West Environment Places (possible examples listed below):
	 Classroom Playground Library Gym Bathroom Lunchroom
	 Rely Resources Meet/met (ex. having needs met) History: Days of the week

Calendar Yesterday Today Today Tomorrow Celebration Local National Cultures Symbol United States Beliefs Values Rules Decisions Leaders Economics: Services Community Goods Earn Money Buy Volunteer Geography: Construct Map Globe Location Landmasses Boundary Area School region Adapt Modify Modify Change Environment History: Chronological order Timeline Past Present Atrifacts Fourdures		
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 Environment History: Chronological order Timeline Past Present Artifacts Sources 		
History:		
 Chronological order Timeline Past Present Artifacts Sources 		
 Timeline Past Present Artifacts Sources 		
PastPresentArtifactsSources		
PresentArtifactsSources		
ArtifactsSources		
• Sources		
		Artifacts
Commemorative celebrations		
		Commemorative celebrations

	• Honor
2nd Grade	Civics/Government:
	 National symbols
	 Beliefs
	Values
	 Traditions
	 Community leaders
	 Mayor
	City Council
	School Board
	 City Council Members
	 School Board Members
	 Government
	• Laws
	Vote
	 Local government
	Economics:
	 Services
	 Taxes
	Goods
	 Community
	 Businesses
	Geography:
	Map
	Symbol
	 Label
	 Map key
	 Compass rose
	Directions
	• Scale
	 North, South, East, West
	 Northeast, Northwest, Southeast, Southwest
	 Community
	Region
	• City
	State
	Country
	 Continent
	Physical (natural)
	Man-made
	• Local
	 Physical environmental changes
	 Consequences
	 Positive
	 NResponsibility
	 Environment

	Natural resources
	Conserve
	Recycle
	Negative
	History:
	Chronological order
	Timeline
	Historical events
	Historical records
	Artifacts
	• Photos
	• Diaries
	Oral histories
	• Videos
	• Customs
	• Traditions
	• Cultures
	Holidays
	Cultural celebrations
	- Cartarar celebrations
3rd Grade	Civics/Government:
	State symbols
	 Flower-American Pasque
	 Animal- coyote
	 Bird- Ring-necked pheasant
	 Flag- flag of South Dakota
	 Tree- Black Hills Spruce
	Significance/meaning
	Declaration of Independence
	 Constitution
	United States
	• Law
	• Rule
	Consequence
	Civil society
	Responsibilities
	• Local
	Government
	Structure
	Mayor
	City council
	Judge
	• Sheriff
	Government agency
	Administration
1	
	Representatives
	RepresentativesElected

- Rights
- Citizenship

- Resource
- Services
- Goods
- Natural
- Capital
- Human
- Produce
- Consume
- Trade
- Attain

Geography:

- Grid system (Coordinates, rows, columns, point)
- Globe
- Map
- Continents
- Oceans
- River
- Mountain ranges
- Regions
- Move
- Infer
- Affect

- Hardships
- Settlers
- Obstacles
- Community
- Settlements
- Pioneers
- Cause
- Effect
- Historical Individuals
- Historical Groups
- Continuities
- Significant
- Presidents
- Leader
- Famous
- Community
- History
- Culture
- Primary Sources
- Secondary Sources

4th Grade

Civics/Government:

- Statehood
- Origin
- Definitions of key events (potential examples below):
 - Louisiana Purchase
 - Lewis & Clark Expedition
 - Gold Rush
 - Homestead Act
 - o Battle of Little Big Horn
- Themes important ideas
- Constitution a set of rules that guides how a country, state, or other political organization works
- National- refers to a nation or the United States as a whole in this circumstance
- Amendment
- Voter Initiative
- Bill
- Legislature
- Law
- Senator
- Representative
- Congress
- Judicial Branch
- Executive Branch
- Legislative Branch
- Governor
- Executive
- Judicial
- Checks and Balances
- Senators
- House of Representatives

Economics:

- Resources
- Renewable resources
- Positive factors
- Negative factors
- Taxes
- Public service
- Revenue
- Economic needs
- Economy
- Interdependence
- Economic development
- Generates
- Natural resources

Geography:

Physical features

- Physical map
- Political map
- Map keys/legends
- Borders
- Region
- Geography
- Characteristics
- Human-environment interaction
- Compare/Contrast
- Natural
- Man-made
- Place
- Region

- Culture
- Historical Events
- Perspective
- Sources (primary and secondary)
- Reservations
- Conflict
- Establishment
- American Indian
- Effect
- Economy
- Environment
- Population
- Issues
- Notable
- Contributions
- Development
- Influence
- Communities
- European
- Affect
- Impact
- Treaty
- War
- Compare
- Contrast
- Technology
- Wealth
- Act
- Expansion
- Intended audience
- Historical sources
- Bias
- Evidence

	• Claim
	• Artifacts
5th Grade	Civics/Government:
	Government
	 Republic
	 Monarchy
	Democracy
	 Dictatorship
	U.S. Constitution
	• Laws
	• Bills
	 Society
	Capitalist
	 Logical
	Factual argument
	Checks and balances
	 Declaration of Independence
	Bill of Rights
	Branches of Government
	 Amendment
	 Constitutional Convention
	 Federalist Papers
	 Articles of Confederation
	Bill of Rights
	Legislative Branch
	Executive Branch
	Judicial Branch
	 Separation of powers
	 Local, state, federal, and tribal government
	• Policy
	 Procedure
	 Forms of government
	 Area- Specific local entities of government (HOA,
	Township Board, Ambulance Board, City Council, etc.)
	 Teamwork
	 Volunteer organization
	Benefit
	 Challenge
	 Public forums
	Vote
	General Election
	Primary Election
	Volunteerism
	Non-Profit
	Evolution of democracy
	Social norms

- Cultural norms
- Historical
- Contemporary

- Supply
- Demand
- Import
- Exports
- Money
- Means of trade
- Currency
- Inflation
- Deflation
- Unemployment
- Employment
- Underemployment
- Depression
- Recession
- Economic institutions (examples below)
 - Businesses
 - Households
 - o Government
 - Global corporations
- Economic systems
- Taxes
- Trading in early U.S. history
- Tobacco trade
- Slave trade
- Early American trade policy
- Tariffs
- Imports
- Exports
- U.S. trade routes

Geography:

- Latitude
- Longitude
- Absolute locations
- Compass rose
- Scale
- Map key
- The following maps should be included within classroom instruction, but are not limited to those listed:
 - o Climate
 - Physical
 - o Economic or resource
 - o Political
 - Topographic

- Thematic
- Cultural characteristics
- Environmental characteristics
- Movement of:
 - People
 - Goods
 - ⊃ Ideas
- Natural resources
- Settlements
- Human movement
- Renewable resources
- Nonrenewable resources
- Environmental changes
- Technological changes
- Migration
- Cultural activities
- Spatial patterns
- Technology
- Communication
- Globalization
- Natural events
- Natural disaster
- Human activities
- Consequences

- Chronological sequence
- Developments
- Conflicts
- Treaties
- (Teachers should expose students to a variety of explorers from across the globe which may include, but are not limited to the following list):
 - o Galileo
 - o Ponce de Leon
 - Christopher Columbus
 - Vespucci
 - Baret
 - Magellan
 - Cabot
 - Hudson
- American Indian tribes across the U.S.
- Culture
- Colonial military leaders
- Politician
- British leaders
- Civilian
- Citizen

	Louisiana Purchase War of 1812 Manifest Destiny Industrial Revolution Invent Religion Philosophy Melting pot Culture Perspectives Beliefs Opinions Opposing Colonization Cause Effect Important settlements like Jamestown European explorers Explored areas Voyages American Revolution events
6th Grade	Civics/Government:

- Democracy
- Republic
- Empire
- Monarchy
- Oligarchy
- Tyranny
- Patriarchal system
- Dynasty
- Forms of government
 - Autocracy
 - Oligarchy
 - Theocracy
 - Democracy
- Impact
- Laws
- Basic needs
- Safety
- Manage conflict
- Order and security
- Civil service
- Primary source document
- Secondary source document
- Significance
- Forms of government
- Role of citizens
- Society (autocracy, theocracy, oligarchy, democracy, etc.)

- Basic needs versus wants
- Trade
- Satisfy
- Agricultural center
- River system
- Irrigation
- Natural resource
- Civilization
- Economy
- Goods
- Services
- Bartering
- Traditional Economy
- Command Economy
- Market Economy
- Mixed Economy
- Supply and Demand
- Resources
- Regulation

- Distribution
- Society
- Economic System
- Job Specialization
- Interdependence
- Surplus

World History:

- B.C. (Before Christ)
- A.D. (Anno Domini)
- B.C.E. (Before the Common Era)
- C.E. (Common Era)
- Chronological
- Sequence
- Continuity
- Era/"Age" (e.g. Paleolithic, Bronze Age, etc...)
- Chronology
- Timeline
- Historical context
- Historical Eras
- Past
- Present
- Future
- Migration
- Wants
- Needs
- Artifacts
- Fossils
- Nomads
- Domestication
- Paleolithic
- Neolithic
- Agrarian Centers
- Innovation
- Specialization
- Development
- Contribution
- Agrarian
- Irrigation
- City-state
- Tigris River
- Euphrates River
- Mesopotamia
- Small Scale Farming: farming to feed individual/family
- Large Scale Farming: farming to feed a city
- Sumer
- Empire
- Babylon

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	 Ziggurat Hammurabi's Code Various religions of the specified empires Trade Trade networks Economics Natural resources Primary source Secondary source Multiple perspectives Geographic locations Significant people Social cultures Economic contributions Environmental factors Governmental influence Ideals Political/social influences Philosophy Agricultural advancements Job specialization Advanced forms of technology Compelling question Supporting question Compelling question Supporting question Primary source Secondary source Credible source Author bias Fact versus opinion Author bias Credibility
	Point of view
7th Grade	Civics/Government: Types of government (representative democracy, direct democracy, communism, dictatorship, monarchy, oligarchy) Philosophy Analyze Economics: Economic systems.(Examples: capitalism, socialism, command economy, free market, trade and barter systems, Socio-economic classes.(Examples: middle class, upper Class, lower class)

- Standard of living
- Economic activity. (Examples: supply, demand, needs, wants, manufacturing, distribution, production, consumption)
- Technology
- Development
- Economic development
- Trade barriers
- Trade agreements
- Global economy
- Local economy
- Ideals
- Resources (Examples: human, natural, economic, space, speculative)
- Human activities (Movement, mining, deforestation, building, farming/harvesting)

Geography:

- Elements of a map (compass, title, etc.)
- Data
- Navigation
- Population data
- Survey of land
- Elevation levels
- Man made features
- Culture
- Physical characteristics
- Map
- Spatial patterns
- Maps
- Diagrams
- Globe
- Satellite image
- Graph
- Size
- Shape
- Height
- Density
- Depth
- Location
- The Five Themes of Geography: location, place, human-environment interaction, movement, region.
- Theme
- Political systems
- Monarchy
- Direct and representative democracy
- Oligarchy
- Communism

- Economic systems
- Command
- Capitalism
- Trade and barter
- Free market
- Mixed
- Human characteristics
- Race
- Gender
- Class
- Age
- Physical characteristics
- Landforms
- Climate
- Soil
- Vegetation
- Population movement
- Human and environment interaction
- Element
- Region
- Process
- Cultural pattern
- Economic decision
- Political decision
- Human-environment interaction
- Culture
- Identity
- Region
- Human characteristics. (Examples: race, gender, class, age)
- Physical characteristics. (Examples: landforms, climate, soil, vegetation, population movement, human and environment interaction)
- Influence
- Types of processes (Examples: formation of volcanoes, erosion, tectonic plates/earthquakes, wind)
- Forms of natural landscape (Examples: trees, mountains, plains, plateaus, hills, valleys, bodies of water)
- Culture
- Earth's physical systems (Examples: atmosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, lithosphere)
- Interact
- Environment
- Cultural components.(Examples: language, religion, food, beliefs, customs, rituals, music)
- Culture regions
- Spatial

	 Land use Natural environment Adapt Human group Region Depend Landscape Human-Environment Interaction Culture Cultural landscape Resources Physical Characteristics Cultural characteristics Economy/economic activity Region Landscape Impact Technology Spatial connections (Examples: Proximity of people to technology, proximity of people to each other) Population group Cultural diffusion Ideals and values Influence Human conditions (examples: age, gender, conflict, disease control, social habits, mostality)
	 disease control, social habits, mortality) Physical conditions (examples: natural disasters, shelter, basic needs, weather and climate, resource availability)
8th Grade	Civics/Government:

Treaty

- Legislation
- Amendment
- Articles of Confederation
- U.S. Constitution
- Legislative Branch (Congress)
- Executive Branch (President)
- Judicial Branch (Supreme Court)
- Conflict
- Citizen
- Order
- Security
- Identify
- Constitution
- Legislative Branch (Congress)
- Executive Branch (President)
- Judicial Branch (Supreme Court)
- Separation of Powers
- Checks and Balances
- Describe
- Rational
- Amend
- Articles of Confederation
- Bill of Rights
- Explain
- Ratify
- Federalists
- Antifederalists
- Caucus
- Nominating Convention
- Primary Election
- Popular Vote
- Electoral Vote
- Electoral College
- Apply
- Democracy
- U.S. Citizen Rights
 - Freedom to express yourself
 - o Freedom to worship as you wish
 - Right to a prompt, fair trial by jury
 - o Right to vote
 - Right to apply for federal employment
 - o Right to run for office
 - Freedom to pursuit "Life, Liberty, and the Pursuit of Happiness."
- U.S. Citizen Responsibilities
 - Support and defend the Constitution

- Stay informed of the issues affecting your community
- o Participate in the democratic process
- Respect and obey federal, state, and local laws
- Respect the rights, beliefs, and opinions of others
- Participate in your local community
- Pay income and other taxes honestly, and on time, to federal, state, and local authorities
- Serve on a jury when called upon
- Defend the country if the need should arise
- Bill of Rights
- Compare
- Contrast
- Methods
- Civics
- Involvement
- Analyze
- Society
- Participation
- Limited Government
- Protesting
- Lobbying
- Constituents
- Media
- Identify
- Foreign Policy
- Isolationism
- Louisiana Purchase
- Monroe Doctrine
- King Cotton

- Describe
- Impact
- Technology
- Industrialization
- Industrial Revolution
- Cotton Gin
- Factories
- Textiles
- Economy
- Economic Effects
- Reconstruction
- Sharecropping
- Transcontinental Railroad
- Homestead Act
- Veterans

- Identify
- Economic Assistance
 - Money
 - Troops
 - Weapons
 - Transportation
- Foreign Relationships
- Conflict
- Describe
- Economic Gain
- Motivation
- Monroe Doctrine
- Westward Expansion
- Manifest Destiny

- Patriot
- Loyalist
- Alliance
- Privateering
- Guerilla Warfare
- Redcoat Soldier
- Continental Soldier
- Cause
- Effect
- War of 1812
- Texas Revolution
- Mexican American War
- Westward Expansion
- Political Party
- Jacksonian Democrat
- National Republican "whig"
- Caucus
- Nominating Convention
- Sectionalism
- Electoral College
- Campaigns
- Mudslinging
- Explain
- Acquired
- Settled
- Westward Expansion
- Motivation
- Civil War
- Succession
- Union
- Confederacy
- Ironclads

- Total War
- Describe
- Federal Policy
- Culture
- Treaty
- Massacre
- Manifest Destiny
- Dakota Wars
- Sand Creek Massacre
- Red Cloud's War
- Ft. Laramie Treaty
- Custer
- Battle of Little Big Horn
- Wounded Knee
- Reservations
- Dawes Act
- Construct
- Argument
- Strength
- Weakness
- Colonist
- Economic Gain
- Manifest Destiny
- Analyze
- Source of Conflict
- Abolitionist
- Slavery
- State's Rights
- Nullification
- Associate
- Key Individuals
- Role
- Explore
- Amendment
- Abolish
- Voting Rights
- Citizenship
- Colony
- Independent Nation
- Federalism
- Competing Ideas
- Purpose
- Compare
- Contrast
- Federalist
- Anti-Federalist
- Philosophy

- Ratification
- Investigate
- Examine
- Citizenship
- Jim Crow
- Reconstruction
- 13th Amendment
- Source
- Conflict
- Revolution
- Tax
- Monarchy
- Massacre
- Primary Document/Source
- Declaration of Independence
- Preamble
- Grievance
- Identify
- Economic Support
- Money
- Troops
- Weapons
- Transportation
- Critique
- Constitution
- Primary Document
- Articles of Confederation
- State Government
- Federal Government
- Effective
- Rebellion
- Tax
- Summarize
- Structure
- Convention
- Virginia Plan
- New Jersey Plan
- Great Compromise
- 3/5ths Compromise
- Connect
- Fundamental Liberties and Rights
- Amendments
- Current Events
- Migration
- Foreign Nations
- Missionaries
- Draw Conclusions

	Reform
	 Political
	Social
	 Suffrage
	 Assess
	Impact
	 Inventions
	 Technology
	 Industrialization
	 Civilians
	 Environment
	Warfare
	 Economic
	Evaluate
	Impact
	 Point of View
	 Opposing View
	 Compelling
	 Generate Questions
	Significant
	Critique
	 Recognize
igh School Economics	Needs
ight seriout recinemies	Wants
	Resources
	Decision making
	Opportunity cost
	• Scarcity
	Basic economic questions
	Economic Systems
	 The four factors of production (also called the economic
	resources)
	o Land
	o Labor
	 Capital
	 Entrepreneurship
	Money
	Factor Payments
	 Consumption
	Production
	Factor Market
	Product Market
	 Sole-proprietorships
	 Partnerships
	• Corporations
	• Liability

- Production Possibilities Curve
- Production Possibilities Frontier
- Efficiency
- Underutilization
- Guns or Butter
- Marginal utility
- Marginal cost
- Marginal analysis
- Market Structures
- Perfect Competition
- Monopoly
- Oligopoly
- Monopolistic Competition
- Types of monopolies
- Supply
- Quantity supplied
- Law of Supply
- Factors that influence supply
- Demand
- Quantity demanded
- Law of Demand
- Factors that influence demand
- Equilibrium
- Excess Demand
- Excess Supply
- Voluntary Exchange
- Elasticity
- Inelasticity
- Ceteris paribus
- Surplus
- Shortage
- Price ceiling
- Price floor
- Subsidy
- The basic economic goals
- Equity
- Innovation
- Goods
- Services
- Factors of Production
- Factor payment
- Expenditures
- Circular Flow Diagram
- Economic cycle
- Recession
- Depression
- Recovery

- Basic economic indicators
- Unemployment
- Underemployment
- Inflation
- Deflation
- Progressive tax
- Regressive tax
- Proportional tax
- Positive externalities
- Negative externalities
- Unintended consequences
- Transfer payments
- Subsidy payments
- Taxation
- Positive externalities
- Negative externalities
- Neutral fiscal policy
- Expansionary fiscal policy
- Contractionary fiscal policy
- Multiplier effect
- Monetarism
- Keynesianism
- Interest
- Principal
- Financial intermediaries
- Fractional banking system
- Federal Reserve System
- Central Bank
- Milton Friedman
- Money Supply Measures
 - o M0, M1, M2, M3
- Communism
- Command Economy
- Centrally Planned Economy
- Socialism
- Mixed Economy
- Capitalism
- Collectivism
- Privatization
- Capitalism (Modern)
- Free enterprise
- Economic freedom
- Individual ownership of resources
- Profit motive
- Competition
- Technology
- Economic resources

	Developed nations
	Developing nations
	Newly industrialized countries
	Less developed countries
	Non-governmental organization (NGO)
	Transitional economy
	Non-governmental organizations
	Economic multilateral organizations
	 World Bank, UN Development Program,
	International Monetary Fund
	Economic problem
	Absolute advantage
	Comparative advantage
	Opportunity cost
	Specialization
	Free trader
	Protectionist
	Trade Barriers
	Tariff
	Quota
	Embargo
	Economic Sanctions
	Global trade agreements
	○ NAFTA & NAFTA 2.0
	 European Union
	Economic multilateralism
	 World Trade Organization
	Exchange rate
	Floating values
	Pegged values
	Economic global interdependence
	Multilateralism
High School Government	Evolution theory
	Force theory
	Divine right theory
	Social contract theory
	Nation-state
	Civic virtue
	Government
	Authority
	Unitary
	Federal
	Confederation
	Autocracy
	 Oligarchy
	Democracy

- Republic
- Nation-state
- Limited government
- Bicameral
- Parliamentarian
- Protestant
- Natural rights
- Enlightenment
- Capitalism
- Free market
- Socialism
- Communism
- Laissez-faire
- Authoritarian
- Rule of law
- Individual rights
- Written constitution
- Unwritten constitution
- Onwritten constitutio
- Individual rights
- Liberty
- Grievances
- Declaration
- Sovereignty
- Ratify
- Political state
- Supermajority
- Preamble
- Union
- Justice
- Domestic tranquility
- General welfare
- Popular sovereignty
- Compromise
- New Jersey Plan
- Virginia Plan
- Great Compromise
- % Compromise
- Commerce
- Anti-federalists
- Federalists
- Bill of Rights
- Federalist Papers
- Factions
- Separation of powers
- Checks and balances
- Legislative power
- Executive power

- Judicial power
- Express power
- Veto
- Judicial review
- Impeachment
- Appointment
- Bill
- Resolution
- Veto
- Pocket veto
- Committee
- Filibuster
- Cloture
- Rider
- Pork barreling
- Appropriations
- Session
- Term
- Plurality
- Faithless elector
- Elector
- Bush v. Gore
- Winner-take-all
- Popular vote
- Swing states
- "Red State"
- "Blue State"
- "Purple state"
- Original and Appellate Jurisdiction
- Majority, Dissenting, and Concurring decisions
- Landmark Decision
- Unconstitutional
- Inferior Court
- Dual Court System: Federal and State
- Marbury v. Madison
- Precedent
- Supremacy Clause
- Sovereignty
- Reserved Powers
- Expressed Powers
- Delegated Powers
- Concurrent Powers
- Implied Powers
- Tenth Amendment
- Full Faith and Credit Clause
- Privileges and Immunities Clause
- Extradition

- Eminent Domain
- Common Good
- State of Nature
- Social Contract Theory
- Rights of the Governed
- Popular sovereignty
- Equality
- Majority rule
- Minority rights
- Compromise
- Individual liberty
- Federalism
- Positive Rights
- Negative Rights
- Civil Liberties
- Civil Rights
- State of Nature
- Social Contract Theory
- Rights of the Governed
- Individual and Collective Societies
- Citizen
- Citizenship
- Immigrant
- Naturalization
- Jus sanguinis
- Jus soli
- Alien
- Resident
- Dual citizenship
- Passport
- Tribal citizenship
- 14th Amendment
- Civic engagement
- Participation
- Credible
- Bias
- Primary Source
- Secondary Source
- Journalism
- Mass media
- Blog
- Political Party
- One-party system
- Two-party system
- Special Interest Groups
- Platform
- Democrat

	Republican Africa its Book (Third Book (list and))
	Minority Party/Third Party (list any)
	• Liberal
	ConservativeModerate
	IndependentPolitical action
	• Lobby
	IdeologyMedia bias
	Mass media Social media
	Bill of Rights
	Protest
	Assemble
	Petition
	Boycott
	Civil disobedience
	Volunteerism
	Grass roots
	Social media
	Social networking
	Traditional sphere of influence
	Political Socialization
	Globalization
	Foreign Policy
	Domestic Policy
	Isolationism
	Internationalism
	Superpower
	Ambassador
	United Nations (UN)
	Treaty
	International law
	Ambassador
	Secretary of State
	World Trade Organization (WTO)
High School Geography	Graphic Information System (GIS)
Ingli school deography	Global Positioning System (GPS)
	Spatial context
	Five Themes of Geography (Location, Place, Region,
	Movement, Human-Environment interactions)
	Culture
	Absolute location
	Relative location
	Place

- Region
- Movement
- Human-Environment Interaction
- Physical Features
- Natural Resources
- Plate Tectonics
- Hydrologic Cycle
- Weathering
- Erosion
- Climography
- Vegetation Zones
- Vegetation
- Landforms
- Climate Zones
- Land Use
- Climate
- Ecosystem
- Biome
- Culture
- Census data
- Demographic data
- Formal region
- Functional region
- Perceptual region
- Interdependence
- Trade
- Global economy
- Migration
- Globalization
- Cultural diffusion
- Language diffusion
- Atmosphere
- Lithosphere
- Hydrosphere
- Biosphere
- Solar system
- Core
- Mantle
- Magma
- Crust
- Continental drift
- Distribution
- Population density
- Population change
- Population pyramid
- Demography
- Diversity

Elements of culture Influence **Patterns** Diffusion Forced migration Refugees Push / Pull factors of migration Modify Adapt Terrace farming Slash and burn farming Irrigation Terraforming Natural resources • Renewable resources Non-renewable resources Advanced farming techniques Irrigation • Energy generation technologies Desalinization Advanced mining techniques Transportation Technology Tornado Hurricane Tsunami Mudslide Earthquake Flood Volcano • Climate change Pandemic Global climate change Pollution Deforestation • Waste management Hazardous waste management Recycling Wildlife preservation • Water systems preservation Policy Political Action Group **Special Interest Group** Non-Government Organizations (NGO's) Lobbyist High School U.S. History Expansion

- Territory
- Representative Democracy
- Indigenous
- Sovereignty
- Manifest Destiny
- Ideological
- Capitalism
- Communism
- Socialism
- Progressive Era
- Gilded Age
- Reconstruction
- Anarchy
- Stock market
- Depression
- Suffrage
- Red Summer
- Great Migration
- Blockade
- Boycott
- Loyalist
- Federalist
- Anti-federalist
- Two-Party system
- Foreign policy
- Domestic policy
- Lobby
- Ideology
- Industrialization
- Infrastructure
- Migration
- Monopoly
- Mass production
- Emancipation
- Confederate
- Union
- Tariff
- Rebellion
- Secede
- Democracy
- Capitalism
- Communism
- Cold War
- Propaganda
- Bomb shelter
- Nuclear war
- Civil defense

- Constitution
- Framework
- Rights
- Ratification
- Compromise
- Separation of Powers
- Checks and Balances
- Reform Movement
- Methodist
- Presbyterian
- Evangelical
- Militarism
- Alliances
- Imperialism
- Nationalism
- League of Nations
- Neutrality
- Trench Warfare
- Propaganda
- New Deal
- Bank Holiday
- Hoovervilles
- Prohibition
- Black Tuesday
- Fascism
- Blitzkrieg
- Genocide
- Holocaust
- Internment
- Island-hopping
- Axis
- Allies
- Pacific Theater
- European Theater
- Enlightenment
- Philosophy
- Revolution
- Militia
- Patriot
- Redcoat
- Colonist
- Stamp Act
- Constitution
- Republic
- Confederacy
- Union
- South

	 North Reconstruction Yankee Jim Crow Black Codes Segregation Ku Klux Klan Allies Axis Socialism Civil Rights
High School World History	 City-States Humanism Renaissance Reformation Secular Significant individuals of the Renaissance and Reformation Printing press Indulgences 95 Theses Anabaptists Counter Reformation Council of Trent Era Timeline Historical narrative Chronology Continuity Rationalism Scientific Method Heliocentric Geocentric Philosophes Salon Religious Tolerance Natural Rights Laissez-faire Social Contract Division of Powers Enlightened Absolutism Tallie The Three Estates The Estates General Tennis Court Oath Declaration of the Rights of Man

- Reign of Terror
- Guillotine
- The Committee of Public Safety
- The Directory
- Consul
- Napoleonic Code
- Elba
- Waterloo
- St. Helena
- Industrial
- Agricultural
- Revolution
- First Industrial Revolution
- Second Industrial Revolution
- Meiji Restoration
- Various Agricultural Revolutions (e.g., American, Green
- Innovation
- Textile
- Enclosure
- Urbanization
- Standards of living
- Free market
- Socialism
- Assembly line
- Classical Conservatism
- Classical Liberalism
- Imperialism
- Colonialism
- Mercantilism
- Marxism
- Social Darwinism
- Religious Tolerance
- Soviet Bloc
- Comintern
- Containment
- Berlin Airlift
- Iron Curtain
- Truman Doctrine
- Marshall Plan
- NATO
- Warsaw Pact
- Geneva Accords
- Arms Race
- Space Race
- Sputnik
- Nuclear Deterrence
- Berlin Wall

- Detente
- SALT
- SALT II
- Imperialism (e.g. Scramble for Africa, Treaty of Nanjing, Indirect rule, etc.)
- Expansion (e.g. Colonies, Trading Companies, Annexation, etc.)
- Nationalism (unification movements: Pan-Germanic, Pan-Slavic)
- Racism
- Propaganda
- Argument
- Persuasion
- Misinformation
- Disinformation
- Advertisement
- Nationalism
- Militarism
- Trench Warfare
- SS Lusitania
- Russian Revolution
- Zimmermann Note
- Communism
- Armistice
- Treaty of Versailles
- Recession
- Depression
- Inflation
- Surplus
- Free Market Economy
- Command Economy
- Free Trade
- Mercentialism
- Triangle Trade
- Middle Passage
- The Slave System
- Middle Class
- Bourgeoisie
- Proletariat
- Robber Baron
- Captain of Industry
- Robber Baron
- Totalitarianism
- Fascism
- Nazism
- Appeasement
- Genocide

- Communism
- Propaganda
- Socialism
- Atomic bomb
- Monarchy
- Totalitarian
- Dictatorship
- Authoritarian
- Democracy
- Censorship
- Point of View
- Evaluate
- Facts
- Truth
- Opinion
- Primary Source
- Secondary Source
- Documentary
- Informative
- Persuasive
- Bias
- Perspective
- Reputable websites (.org, .edu, .gov)
- Claims
- Evidence
- Inference
- Revision